

Practical Definition

- <u>S</u>ort -
- Set to Order -
- <u>Shine</u> -
- <u>S</u>tandardize -

- Eliminate what is not needed
- A place for everything and everything in its place
 - Cleaning and looking for ways to keep it clean
- The methods used to maintain first 3 S's
- **Sustain-** Daily, weekly, monthly routines Accountability and 5S Audits

5S Principles that all lead into supporting.....

Safety - Keeping areas safe and fostering a strong safety conscious

Lean Principles

- Specify Value In The Eyes Of The Customer
- Identify Value Stream, Eliminate Waste & Variation
- Make Value Flow At Pull Of Customer
- Involve & Empower Employees
- Continuously Improve In Pursuit Of Perfection

5S Workplace Organization - the Foundation World Class Operations

Lean Overview

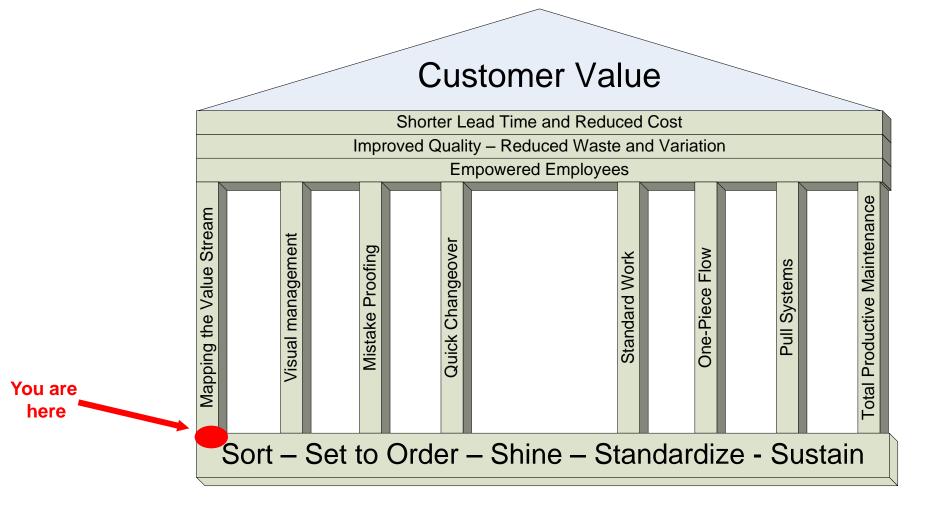
5S

The foundation of all continuous improvement methods

Sort – Set to Order – Shine – Standardize - Sustain

You are here

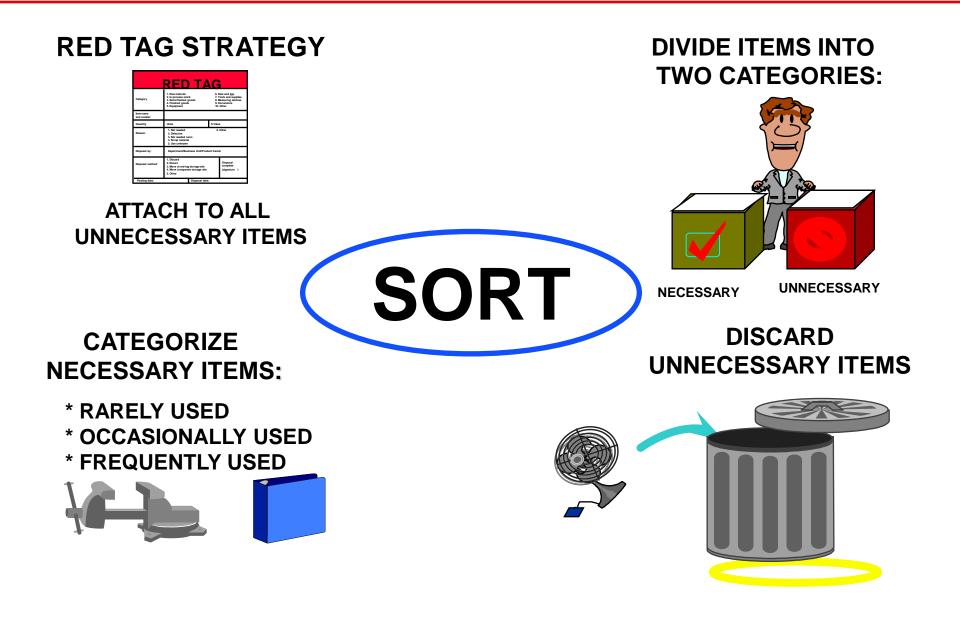
Lean Overview



Why 5S

- Promotes Safety
- Promotes flow
- Reduces searching
- Reduce unplanned downtime
- Increase Quality
- Eliminate distractions
- Reduce inventory and space
- Looks Professional and Leaves a 1st Impression!

Sort



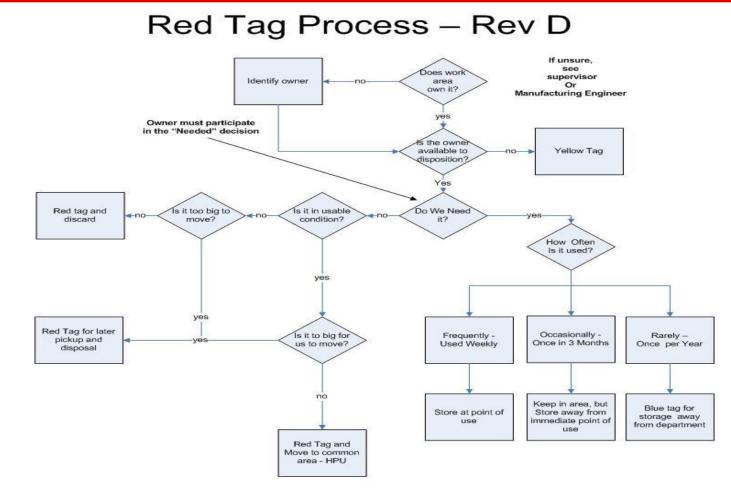
Separating Needed from Not Needed

Needed

Questionable



Red Tag Process



Tag Definitions



Blue Tag: Tools, Fixtures, Machines that are needed, but not used very often. They are to be sent to random

Red Tag

	RED TAG					
Category	 Equipment Dies, Jigs and Fixtures Tools and Supplies Measuring devices R&D Material 	 6. R&D Tools and Equipment 7. Project Material 8. Project Tools and equipment 9. Documents 10. Other 				
Item Name, Number and/or Description						
Quantity	Units	\$ Value				
Reason	1. Not Needed 2. Defective 3. Scrap	4. Use Unknown 5. Other				
Owned By: Department, Group, etc.						
Disposal By: Department, Group, etc.						
Disposal Method:	 Discard Return Move to HPU area Other 	Disposal Complete: (signature)				
Today's date:		Disposal Date:				

Red Tag Technique

Red Tagging is a visible way to identify what is not needed in the work place. **Red Tags** ask "Why am I here?" and support the first "S" - Sort.

The **Red Tag** Technique involves the following steps:

- 1. Establish the rules for distinguishing between what is needed and what is not.
- 2. Identify needed and unneeded items and attach Red Tags to all unneeded items. Write the specific reason for Red Tagging and sign and date each tag.
- 3. Remove **Red Tag** items and temporarily store them in a holding area.
- 4. Sort through the **Red Tag** items and dispose of those which are truly extra. Other items can be disposed of at a later stage when it is clear that they have no use. *Ensure that all interested people agree.*
- 5. Determine ways to improve the work place so that unnecessary items do not accumulate.
- 6. Continue to **Red Tag** regularly.

Yellow Tag

	YELLOW TA	G
Category	 Equipment Dies, Jigs and Fixtures Tools and Supplies Measuring devices R&D Material 	6. R&D Tools and Equipment7. Project Material8. Project Tools and equipment9. Documents10. Other
Item Name, Number and/or Description		
Quantity	Units	\$ Value
Reason Owner complete	1. Not Needed 2. Defective 3. Scrap	4. Other5. Used Frequently6. Used Rarely
Owned By: Department, Group, etc. Dispositioned By:		
Owner Complete:		
Disposition Date:		
Disposal Method: Owner complete	 Discard Return Red Tag Blue tag 	Disposal Complete: (signature)
Today's date: Owner complete		Disposion date Date:

Yellow Technique

Yellow Tagging is a visible way to identify items belonging to other departments and may not be needed in the work area . Yellow Tags ask "Where should I Be?" and support the first "S" - Sort.

The <u>Yellow</u> Tag Technique involves the following steps:

- 1. Establish the rules for distinguishing between what is needed and what is not.
- 2. Identify items belonging to others not in the immediate area and attach Yellow Tags. Write the specific reason for Yellow Tagging and sign and date each tag.
- 3. Retain Yellow Tag items and store them in the area., until they can be readily determined and managed by the original owner
- 4. Sort through the Yellow Tag items and if needed, determine ownership, and follow through with the groups identified to have them dispositioned accordingly. Items can be disposed of at a later stage when it is clear that they have no use. *Ensure that all interested people agree.*
- 5. Determine ways to improve the work place so that items from other areas are not readily stored or accumulate in separate locations
- 6. Continue to Yellow Tag regularly .

Blue Tag

	BLUE TAG	
Category	 Equipment Dies, Jigs and Fixtures Tools and Supplies Measuring devices R&D Material 	 6. R&D Tools and Equipment 7. Project Material 8. Project Tools and equipment 9. Documents 10. Other
Item Name, Number and/or Description		
Quantity	Units	\$ Value
Part Number		
Project Number		
Owned By (and Phone #)		
Cost Center		
Grid ID:		

Blue Tag Technique

Blue Tagging is a visible way to identify what is not needed now in the work place. Blue Tags ask "Do I need to be here now?" and support the first "S" - Sort.

The **Blue Tag** Technique involves the following steps:

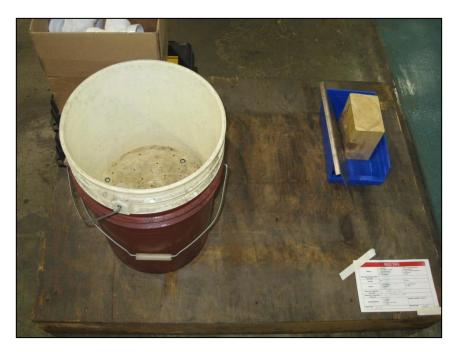
- 1. Establish the rules for distinguishing between what is needed and what is not.
- 2. Identify frequently used and infrequently used items and attach Blue Tags to all items that could be stored elsewhere for eventual return and use. Write the specific reason for Blue Tagging and sign and date each tag.
- 3. Move Blue Tag items and temporarily stage them in a holding area within the work space.
- 4. Sort through the Blue Tag items and arrange for support/transport of those which are not immediately needed, to off-site or supplemental storage areas. *Ensure that all interested people agree.*
- 5. Determine ways to improve the work place so that infrequently used items do not accumulate, and or do not arrive until needed
- 6. Continue to Blue Tag regularly .

- People look at items as personal possessions. They are company possessions. People are the caretakers of the items.
- Plant people take advantage of outsider's "fresh eyes" by creating an atmosphere where outsiders will feel comfortable in questioning what's needed.
- Tag anything not needed. One exception: Don't red tag people unless you want to be red tagged yourself!
- If in doubt, tag it! The tag can always be removed

SORTING

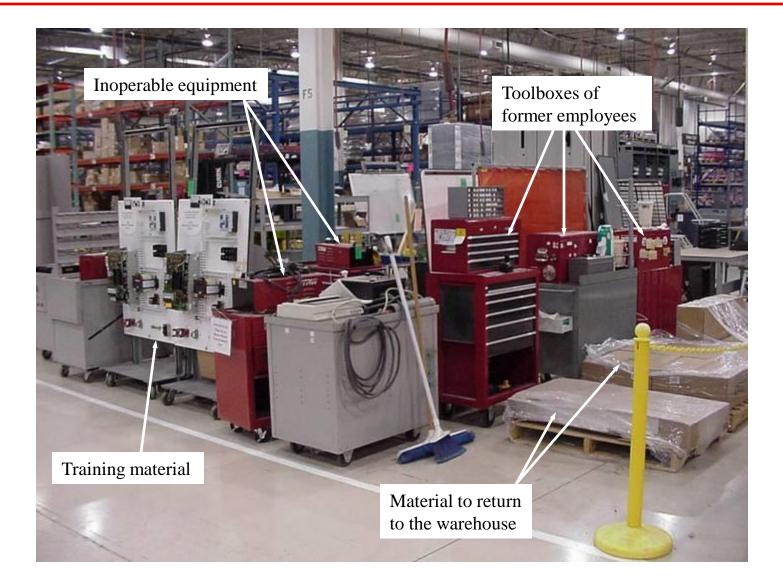


Equipment item had not been used in many years



Some areas will have little to discard

Tagged Items

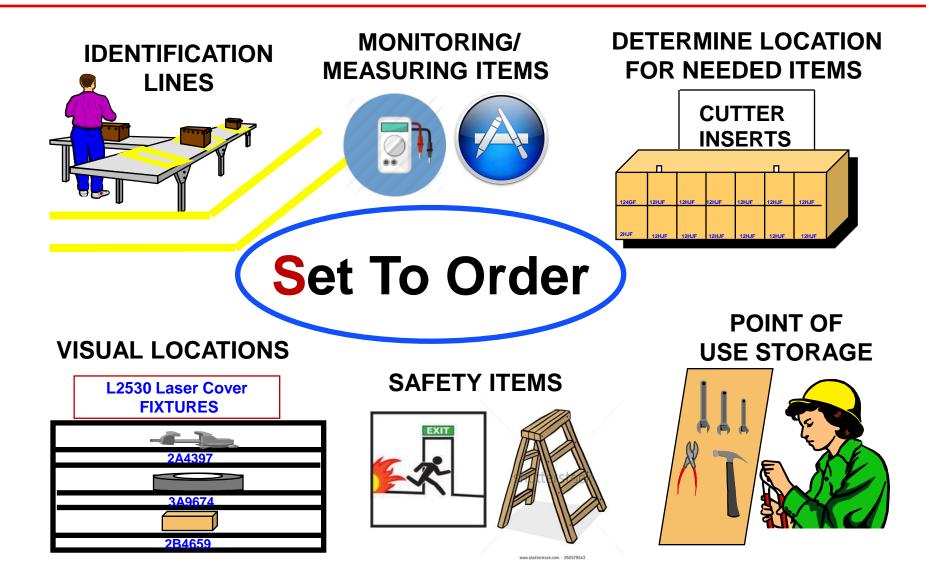


Red Tagged Items

10 metal carts, 10 ft of racking, drill press, die lift and a lot of tooling!!!



Set To Order



Set to Order – Safety Item Examples



Proper ladder storage & inspection



Clear Space Areas Designated and Maintained



Good Aisle Spacing and marking



Secondary Containment Use – bulk liquids



Good Chemical Storage

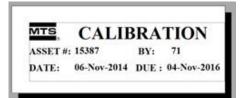


Labeling of all secondary use containers

Measurement and Test Equipment (M&TE) Controlled?

Identify M&TE in area: If it measures it must have an MTS Metrology asset tag

If calibration is required it must have a calibration sticker and the calibration due date must be in the future

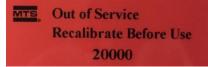


If calibration is not required, it must have a "Calibration not required" sticker

Do Not Use for Product Testing 20000

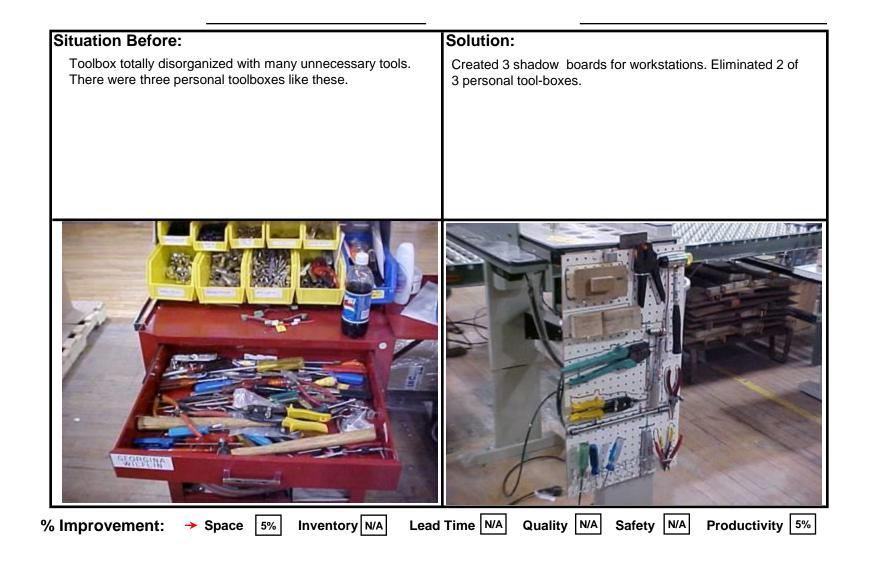
If M&TE is out of Service, it must have a "Recalibrate before use sticker" and be segregated so it will not be used



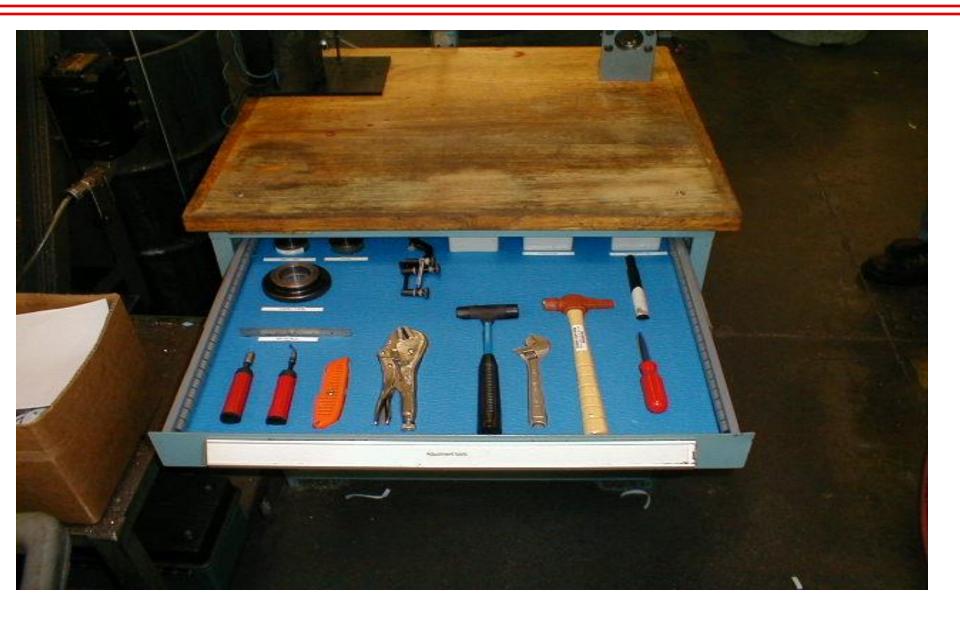


Please Contact the Metrology Lab for assistance

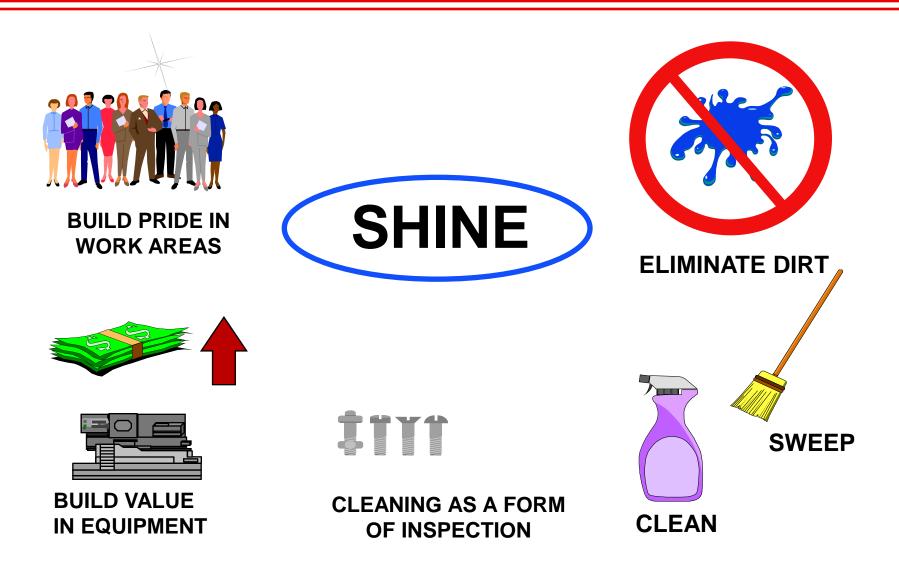
"One Point Lesson"



Set to Order - Examples



Shine



94M Cell Activities: Cleaned Robodrill

BEFORE

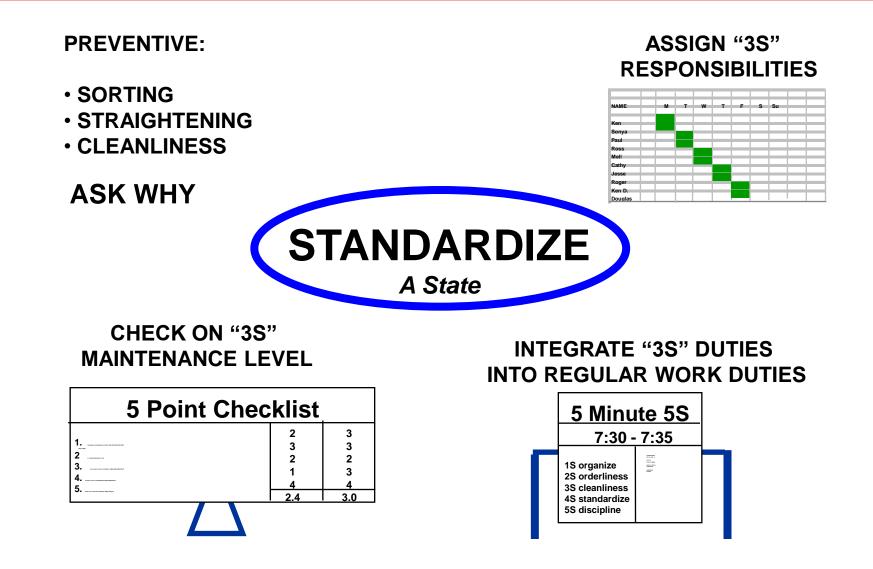


94M Cell Activities: Cleaned Robodrill

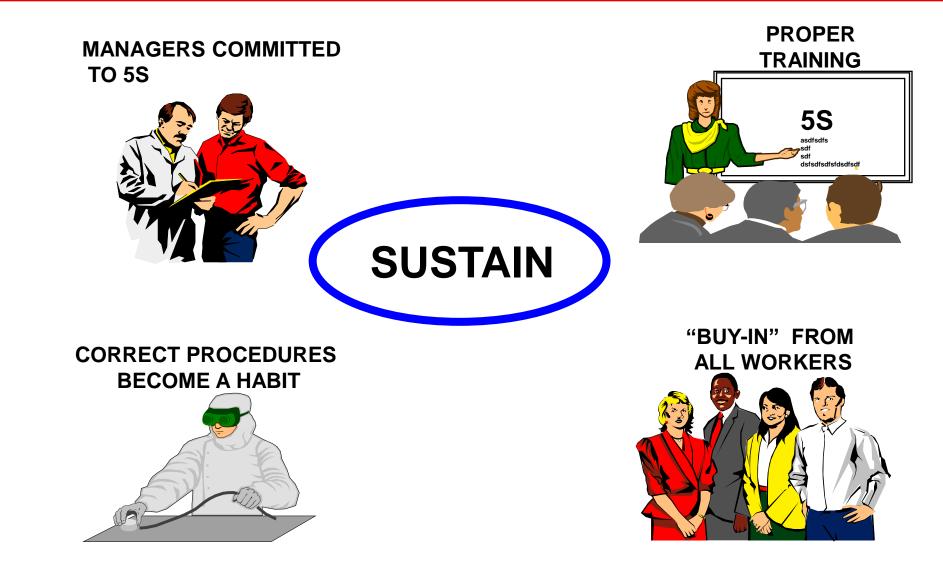
AFTER



Standardize

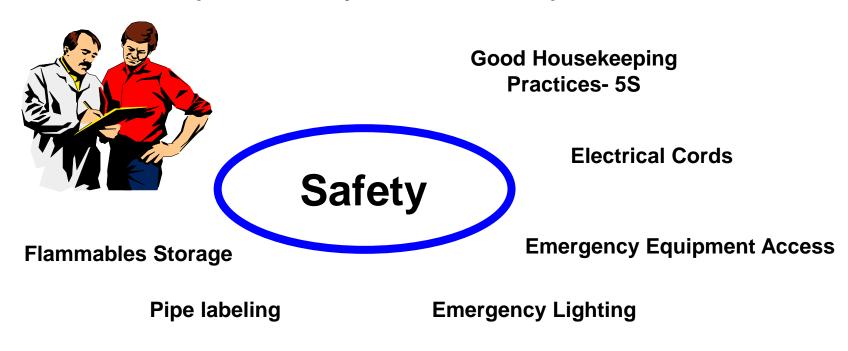


Sustain



Safety

MANAGERS and EMPLOYEES COMMITTED TO SAFETY = Incorporated directly into the 5S review process



Secondary Labeling (containers, hazard rating, etc.)

MTS, Floor Tape - Color Reference with Grainger p/n

Red	Material that is on hold or non-conforming	Grainger P/N 15F743
Green	Material at any level of process	Grainger P/N 15F745
White	Drop off Area	Grainger P/N 15F794
Orange	Pick up Area	Grainger P/N 15F744
Blue	Designated Location – Workstation etc	Grainger P/N 15F746
Yellow	Aisles	Grainger P/N 15F793

Yellow/Black Strips Fire extinguishers and eye wash stations, Combustible waste containers and flame proof cabinets, MCC's, Electrical and E-stops



MTS, Floor Cones - Color Reference with 5S designated area







Mobile 5S floor zones for System Assembly and Checkout – target High bay area initially



- 5S is simply a process of Organization and Sustaining the organization
- Community/Shared cabinets or tool boxes need DETAILED organization and labeling
- Personal tool boxes and workstations need GENERAL organization and Labeling
- Things with wheels (except for chairs) usually require a designated location defined with floor tape.
- If it can be moved easily, it probably needs a designated location with floor tape and label
- A place for everything and everything in its place; every day
- Aisles are always clear

Auditing & Scoring 5S

5S Assessment - Deep Dive

- Focuses specifically on 5S
- Provides a baseline to measure improvements against
- Identifies opportunities
 - Serves as a reminder of possibilities for improvements
 - Allows team to prioritize opportunities

5S Rating

- 0 = Poor (Unacceptable)
- **20 = Marginal**
- 40 = Satisfactory
- 60 = Good
- 80 = Excellent
- 100 = Operating Room Conditions (World Class Environment)

5S Scorecard

Workplace Organization Scorecard

	Audit for the Week of:							Audited Area:
	0 points = No applica	implementa		start		4 poin	nts = Very goo	el is partially implemented, needs to be pursued d, some progress needs done to maintain Arrow Scoring Key aplemented and maintained, area can be used as a reference
	5-S Principle	Sco	re -	Hig	her	is I	Better	Comments - specific changes from previous
S	ort							
1	All items not needed or required to perform the intended	0	1	2	з	4	5	
	production function have been removed from the work area Departmental Local red tag areas along with the Central							
2	and Asset storage areas are following set procedures.	0	1	2	з	4	5	
S	et in Order							
з	Every work area is clearly defined and labeled.	0	1	2	з	4	5	
-	Items in the facility have a specific				-		-	
4	area where they reside and are clearly labeled	0	1	2	з	4	5	1
	as appropriate.							
5	All items are in their designated area unless being used by the operator to manufacture product.	0	1	2	з	4	5	1
	Aisles, pipes and walkways are clearly marked and can							
6	be identified at a glance; lines are straight and painted per	0	1	2	з	4	5	1
	Federal-Mogul paint color standards. Walls, signs and boards contain only current							1
7	information, arranged in a straight and neat manner.	0	1	2	з	4	5	1
	Torn or soiled material must be replaced or removed. Clearly defined limits for raw materials and WIP are							
8	established for each production area. They are clearly	о	1	2	з	4	5	
	visible and may not be exceeded.							
	Fire hoses, extinguishers, and other emergency equipment are unobstructed and stored in a prominent,							
9	easy-to-locate manner. Stop switches and breakers	0	1	2	з	4	5	
	are clearly marked or color coded for visibility.							
10	Storage of boxes, containers and packed materials should be neat. Stacked items should not be crooked	о	1	2	з	4	5	
10	or in danger of toppling over.	0	•	~	5		5	
S	hine							
11	All floors are clean of debris, oil, and dirt. Cleaning	о	1	2	з	4	5	
•••	of floors is done routinely. Machines and equipment are kept clean by routine	0	•	~	0	-	0	
12	care and inspections; glass (windows) and work	о	1	2	з	4	5	
	surfaces are kept clean.							
	All machines and equipment are painted per Federal-Mogul color specifications.							
13	There is no place in the facility less than 6 feet	0	1	2	з	4	5	1
	high that is not painted.							
14	Equipment leaks (oil, grease, water, etc) are addressed and eliminated.	о	1	2	з	4	5	
SI	andardized Clean-up (Note: A cleaning sche	dule cap-	ot be	nost	ed in_s	an ar	ea that has p	ot been through a 5S activity)
15	Detailed cleaning work instructions are posted in		4	2	3	4	5	
15	each area.	0	•	~	3	4	3	
16	A 5-S schedule is posted, detailing who is responsible for cleaning, what they should clean and	0	1	2	з	4	5	1
	when they should clean.	2		-	-			1
17	A check list is filled out to ensure	о	1	2	з	4	5	
5	that assigned tasks are being completed. JStain (this category will be evaluated on a plant-wid		thorn			at to a	m)	
	All safety and environmental processes and procedures		ane r					
18	are followed at all times.	0	1	2	з	4	5	1
19	A disciplined system of control and maintenance, assuring that each of the above items is maintained at the highest level possible, is visible. It is	о	1	2	з	4	5	
	everyone's responsibility to maintain the system.							
	Audits are preformed at least twice monthly. Previous scores are posted. Corrective actions							
20	or plans for corrective actions from each audit	0	1	2	з	4	5	1
	are documented before the next audit begins.							1
tal	Score (Max 100)					_		
	Current Auc	dit Sco	>re:					(Maximum Score = 100)
	The audit is to be used to show areas that need in	mprovemer	nt. Ai	ny of	the 5-S	5 prin	ciples that g	ets a score of 3 or less would indicate an area that should be focused on.

Month-to-Month Audit Scores in This Area

Dec-14	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
												i

Item number Responsible person